AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-35 (Canceled)

36. (Withdrawn) A method of manufacturing a reflector for use in a radiant energy transducer system, comprising:

forming a substantially rigid substrate having a surface configured to provide a predetermined reflector shape;

mixing an uncalcined zinc-oxide pigment, an alkali metal silicate vehicle-binder and water in a shear mixer, to form a paint mixture;

painting the paint mixture onto the surface of the substrate to form a diffusely reflective coating.

- 37. (Withdrawn) The method as in claim 36, wherein the painting step forms the diffusely reflective coating to a thickness greater than or equal to 2.75 mils.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The method as in claim 36, wherein the mixing step mixes the uncalcined zinc-oxide pigment, the alkali metal silicate vehicle-binder and the water in the shear mixer having a spindle speed of 1000-2000 rpm for at least approximately three minutes.
- 39. (Withdrawn) The method as in claim 36, wherein the mixing step comprises mixing of the uncalcined zinc-oxide pigment and the alkali metal silicate vehicle-binder in a weight ratio in a range between 1.15:1 and 1.41:1.

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- 40. (Withdrawn) The method as in claim 36, wherein the alkali metal silicate vehicle-binder comprises potassium silicate.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The method as in claim 36, wherein the substrate comprises an aluminum or aluminum alloy.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The method as in claim 41, further comprising etching the surface of the aluminum or aluminum alloy before the painting step.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The method as in claim 36, wherein the pigment contains 1/2% by weight of propryonic acid.
- 44. (Currently Amended) A coating material for application to a substrate of a reflector for a radiant energy transducer system, the coating material exhibiting a diffuse reflective characteristic, a high reflectivity to radiant energy and a high stability when exposed to relatively high temperatures, the coating material comprising:
 - (a) a pigment comprising a predominant proportion of uncalcined zinc-oxide;
 - (b) an alkali metal silicate vehicle-binder; and
- (c) sufficient water to provide a mixture suitable for application to the substrate of the reflector,

wherein the ratio of weight of the pigment to weight of the vehicle-binder in the coating is between 1:15:1 1.15:1 and 1.41:1.

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- 45. (Original) The coating material of claim 44, wherein the alkali metal silicate vehicle-binder consists essentially of potassium silicate.
- 46. (Original) The coating material of claim 44, wherein said ratio is approximately 1.28:1.
- 47. (Currently Amended) The coating material of claim 44, A coating material for application to a substrate of a reflector for a radiant energy transducer system, the coating material exhibiting a diffuse reflective characteristic, a high reflectivity to radiant energy and a high stability when exposed to relatively high temperatures, the coating material comprising:
 - (a) a pigment comprising a predominant proportion of uncalcined zinc-oxide;
 - (b) an alkali metal silicate vehicle-binder; and
- (c) sufficient water to provide a mixture suitable for application to the substrate of the reflector,

wherein the ratio of weight of the pigment to weight of the vehicle-binder in the coating is between 1.15:1 and 1.41:1, and

wherein the pigment contains 1/2% by weight of propryonic propionic acid.

- 48. (Currently Amended) A diffusely reflective water soluble paint, comprising:
- (a) a pigment consisting essentially of uncalcined zinc-oxide pigment and a relatively-small amount of dispersing agent;
 - (b) a potassium silicate vehicle-binder; and
 - (c) sufficient water to provide a mixture suitable for application to a substrate,

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wherein the ratio of weight of the pigment to weight of the vehicle binder <u>in the water</u> soluble paint is between 1.15:1 and 1.41:1.

- 49. (Original) The paint of claim 48, wherein said ratio is approximately 1.28:1.
- 50. (Currently Amended) The paint of claim 48, wherein the dispersing agent comprises propryonic propionic acid, in an amount equal to approximately 1/2% of the binder by weight.